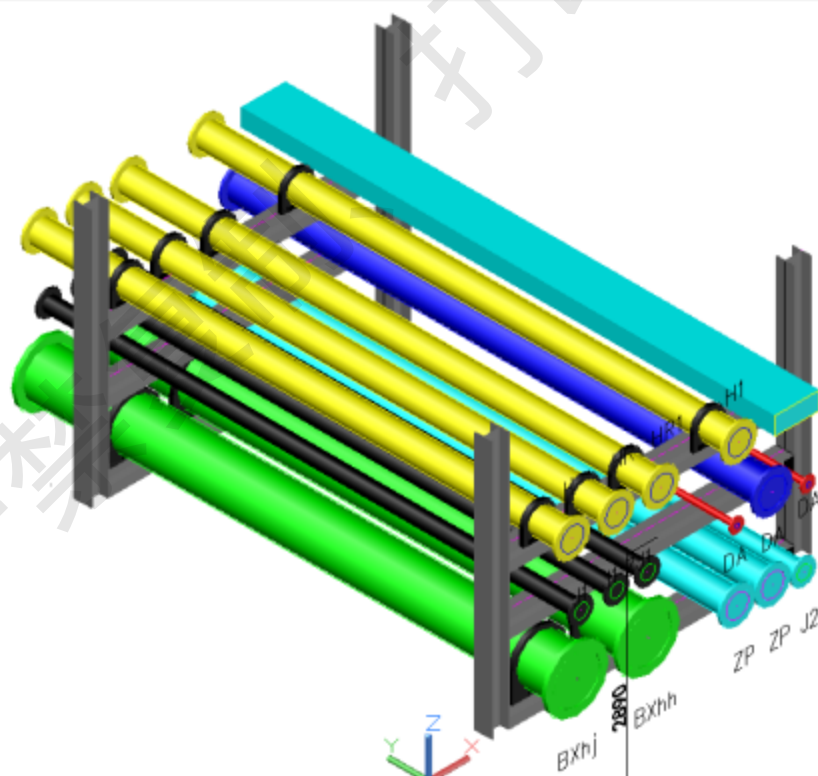




易装配
EASY ASSEMBLY

管组模块受力计算书

Force calculation book of Tube Group module



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第一节、设计简介：

本项目管廊计划采用预制化管道集成撬装模式进行施工，安装方式全部采用两侧预埋钢板构件，作为吊点，现在需根据模型数据，计算综合支架结构受力情况，保证吊装支架的安全性。

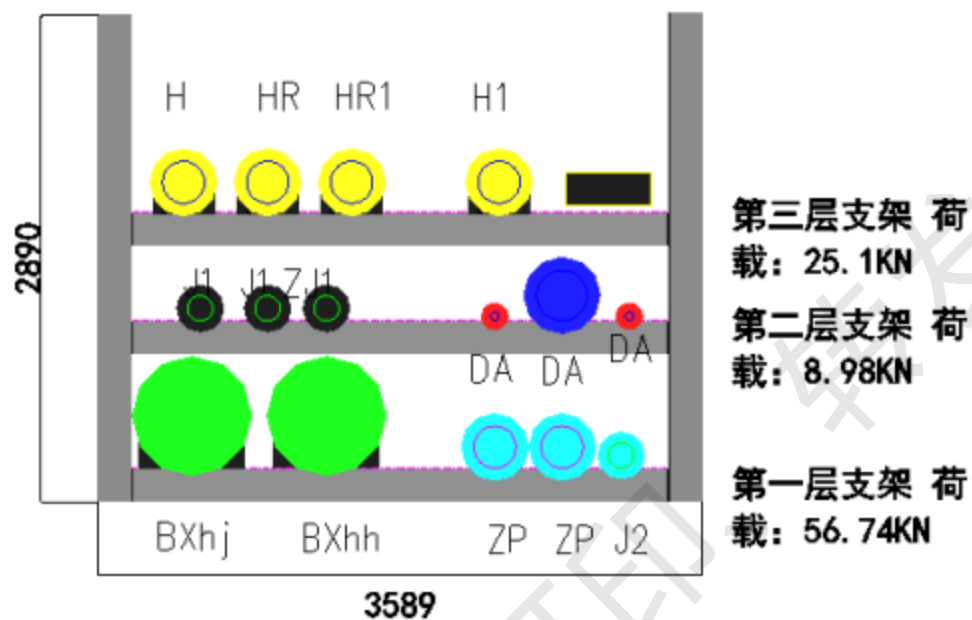
本项目设计依据全国《钢结构设计规范》(GB 50017-2017)编制

第二节、设计条件：

- 1、采用 10mm 钢板预埋在梁侧，预埋件间距：4.5m；
- 2、管道集成撬块长度尺寸：6m，
- 3、管道集成撬装每米荷载计算：

管道规格	DN500	DN250	DN300	DN100	DN150	DN50	管道综合支架
每 6M 满水重量 (含法兰、保温)	335.88kg* 6+64*2=21 43.28kg 合计 2 根， 总重量： 4286.56kg	101.12*6 +14*2=63 4.72kg, 合 计 6 根， 总重量： 3808.32kg	62.14*6 +19*2=4 10.84kg	20.92kg*6+4 .5kg*2=134. 52kg, 合计 3 根，总重量： 403.56kg	36.44kg*6+ 7.61*2=233. 86kg 合计 一根，	7.6*6+2.5kg*2 =50.96kg 合计 2 根，总重量： 101.92kg	设计采用： 20#H 型钢， 预计重量： 835.62kg
整体撬装管组重量	1008.68kg						
支架荷载	按 4.5m 标准间距计算每个支架静荷载为：7560.51kg，考虑动荷载系数,实际荷载应为 7560.51*1.2=9072.61kg 即：88.94kN						

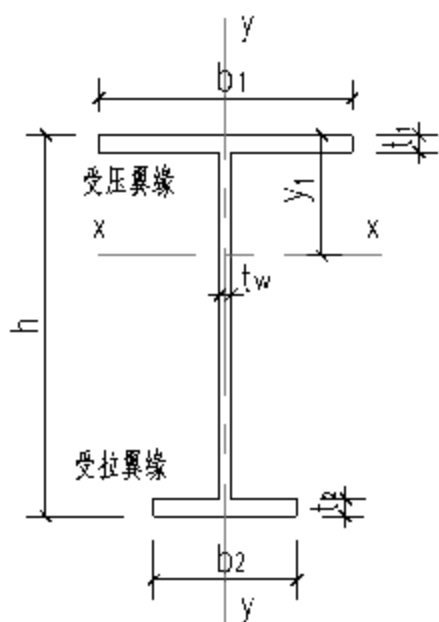
第三节、综合支架剖面图



第四节 荷载计算

计算每层荷载按实际荷载*1.2 安全系数考虑。

一、工程名称:华丰燃料电池项目-第一层支架横梁荷载计算



1、基本资料

钢材:Q235

$b_1=200$ mm, $b_2=200$ mm, $t_1=12$ mm, $t_2=10$ mm, $t_w=8$ mm, $h=200$ mm

$M_x=68.088$ kN*m, $M_y=0$ kN*m

计算工字钢整体稳定性

$l_1=3589$ 受压翼缘的自由长度, 即梁侧向计算长度最大值.

侧向支承:跨中无侧向支承, 荷载类型:均布荷载, 荷载位置:作用在上翼缘

内力为考虑水平地震作用组合的内力

2、弯曲应力计算

考虑地震作用: $\gamma_{RE}=0.75$

$M_x=M_x*0.75=68.088*0.75=51.066$ kN*m

$M_y=M_y*0.75=0*0.75=0$ kN*m

确定截面塑性发展系数:

$$\text{上翼缘外挑长度 } r_1 = (b_1 - t_w) / 2 = (200 - 8) / 2 = 96 \text{ mm}$$

$$\text{上翼缘自由外伸宽度与其厚度之比} = 96 / 12 = 8.00$$

$$13 * (235 / f_y)^{1/2} = 13.00 \text{ mm}$$

$$15 * (235 / f_y)^{1/2} = 15.00 \text{ mm}$$

$$\text{翼缘自由外伸宽度与其厚度之比} \leq 13 * (235 / f_y)^{1/2}$$

$$r_x = 1.05, r_y = 1.2$$

求 W_x, W_y :

①求

$$I_y, I_y = 1/12 * (t_1 * b_1^3 + t_2 * b_2^3 + (h - t_1 - t_2) * t_w^3) = 1/12 * (12 * 200^3 + 10 * 200^3 + (200 - 12 - 10) * 8^3) = 14,674,261 \text{ mm}^4$$

②求 W_y

$$W_y = I_y / (b_2 / 2) = 14,674,261 / (200 / 2) = 146,743 \text{ mm}^3$$

③求

$$A, A = t_1 * b_1 + t_2 * b_2 + (h - t_1 - t_2) * t_w = 200 * 12 + 200 * 10 + (200 - 12 - 10) * 8 = 5,824 \text{ mm}^2$$

④求截面形心

$$y_1, y_1 = (b_1 * t_1 * t_1 / 2 + (h - t_1 - t_2) * t_w * ((h - t_1 - t_2) / 2 + t_1) + b_2 * t_2 * (h - t_2 / 2)) / A \\ = (200 * 12 * 12 / 2 + (200 - 12 - 10) * 8 * ((200 - 12 - 10) / 2 + 12) + 200 * 10 * (200 - 10 / 2)) / 5,824 = 94.13 \text{ mm}$$

⑤求 $I_x, I_x = 1/12 * b_1 * t_1^3$

$$+ b_1 * t_1 * (y_1 - t_1 / 2)^2$$

$$\begin{aligned}
&+1/12*t_w*(h-t_1-t_2)^3 \\
&+(h-t_1-t_2)*t_w*((h-t_1-t_2)/2+t_1-y_1)^2 \\
&+1/12*b_2*t_2^3 \\
&+b_2*t_2*(h-t_2/2-y_1)^2=1/12*200*12^3 \\
&+200*12*(94.13-12/2)^2 \\
&+1/12*8*(200-12-10)^3 \\
&+(200-12-10)*8*((200-12-10)/2+12-94.13)^2 \\
&+1/12*200*10^3 \\
&+200*10*(200-10/2-94.13)^2=42,862,576 \text{ mm}^4
\end{aligned}$$

⑥求 W_x , $W_x=I_x/(h-y_1)=42,862,576/(200-94.13)=404,860 \text{ mm}^3$

$$M_x/r_x/W_x+M_y/r_y/W_y=51.066*1000000/1.05/404,860+0*1000000/1.2/146,743=120.13 \text{ N/mm}^2$$

$$f=215 \text{ N/mm}^2$$

$$M_x/(r_x W_x)+M_y/(r_y W_y) \leq f, \text{ 计算满足! (0.56)}$$

3、工字钢整体稳定性计算

判断是否需要进行稳定性计算:

$$l_1/b_1=17.95$$

$$[l_1/b_1]=13.00$$

$l_1/b_1 > [l_1/b_1]$, 需要进行稳定性计算!

梁整体稳定的等效临界弯矩系数 β_b :

$$\varepsilon = l_1 * t_1 / b_1 / h = 3589 * 12 / 200 / 200 = 1.08$$

$$\beta_b = 0.69 + 0.13 * \varepsilon = 0.69 + 0.13 * 1.08 = 0.8304$$

梁在侧向支承点间对截面弱轴 $y-y$ 的长细比 λ_y :

$$I_y = 1/12 * (t_1 * b_1^3 + t_2 * b_2^3 + (h - t_1 - t_2) * t_w^3) = 1/12 * (12 * 200^3 + 10 * 200^3 + (200 - 12 - 10) * 8^3) = 14,674,261 \text{ mm}^4$$

$$A = t_1 * b_1 + t_2 * b_2 + (h - t_1 - t_2) * t_w = 200 * 12 + 200 * 10 + (200 - 12 - 10) * 8 = 5,824 \text{ mm}^2$$

$$i_y = (I_y / A)^{1/2} = (14,674,261 / 5,824)^{1/2} = 50.20 \text{ mm}$$

$$\lambda_y = l_1 / i_y = 3589 / 50.20 = 71.49$$

截面不对称影响系数 η_b :

① 求受压翼缘对 y 轴的惯性矩 I_1

$$I_1 = 1/12 * t_1 * b_1^3 = 1/12 * 12 * 200^3 = 8,000,000 \text{ mm}^4$$

② 求受拉翼缘对 y 轴的惯性矩 I_2

$$I_2 = 1/12 * t_2 * b_2^3 = 1/12 * 10 * 200^3 = 6,666,667 \text{ mm}^4$$

③ 截面不对称影响系数

$$a_b = I_1 / (I_1 + I_2) = 8,000,000 / (8,000,000 + 6,666,667) = 0.55$$

加强受压翼缘类型

$$\eta_b = 0.8 * (2 * a_b - 1) = 0.8 * (2 * 0.55 - 1) = 8.000000000000001E-02$$

整体稳定系数 ψ_b 为:

$$\psi_b = \beta_b * 4320 / \lambda_y^2 * A * h / W_x * [(1 + (\lambda_y * t_1 / 4.4 / h)^2)^{1/2} + \eta_b]$$

$$\sigma_y] * 235 / f_y = 8304 * 4320 / 71.49^2 * 5,824 * 200 / 404,860 * [(1 + (71.49 * 12 / 4.4 / 200)^2)^{1/2} + 8.0000000000000001E-02] * 235 / 235 = 2.982$$

$$\psi_y^1 = 1.07 - 0.282 / \psi_y = 1.07 - 0.282 / 2.982 = 0.975$$

整体稳定性按下式计算：

$$M_x / \psi$$

$$\sigma_x / W_x + M_y / r_y / W_y = 51.066 * 1000000 / 0.975 / 404,860 + 0 * 1000000 / 1.2 / 146,743 = 129.37 \text{ N/mm}^2$$

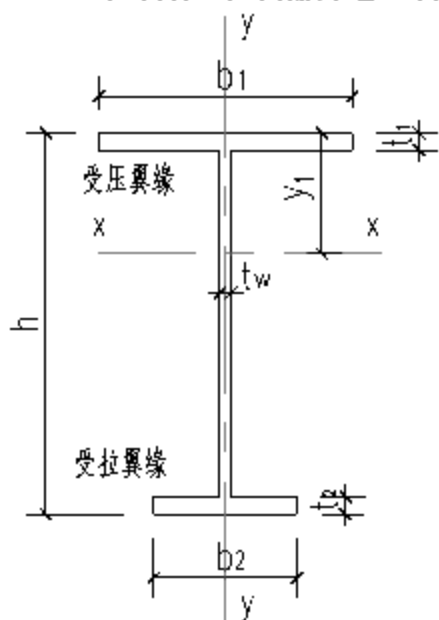
$$f = 215 \text{ N/mm}^2$$

$$M_x / (\psi_y W_x) + M_y / (r_y W_y) \leq f, \text{ 计算满足! (0.60)}$$

$$M_x / (r_x W_x) + M_y / (r_y W_y) \leq f, \text{ 计算满足! (0.56)}$$

$$M_x / (\psi_y W_x) + M_y / (r_y W_y) \leq f, \text{ 计算满足! (0.60)}$$

二、工程名称:华丰燃料电池项目-第二层横梁受力荷载计算



1、基本资料

钢材:Q235

$b_1=100$ mm, $b_2=100$ mm, $t_1=6$ mm, $t_2=6$ mm, $t_w=8$ mm, $h=100$ mm

$M_x=10.776$ kN*m, $M_y=0$ kN*m

计算工字钢整体稳定性

$l_1=3589$ 受压翼缘的自由长度, 即梁侧向计算长度最大值.

侧向支承:跨中无侧向支承, 荷载类型:均布荷载, 荷载位置:作用在上翼缘

内力为考虑水平地震作用组合的内力

2、弯曲应力计算

考虑地震作用; $\gamma_{RE}=0.75$

$M_x=M_x*0.75=10.776*0.75=8.082$ kN*m

$M_y=M_y*0.75=0*0.75=0$ kN*m

确定截面塑性发展系数:

$$\text{上翼缘外挑长度 } r_1 = (b_1 - t_w) / 2 = (100 - 8) / 2 = 46 \text{ mm}$$

$$\text{上翼缘自由外伸宽度与其厚度之比} = 46 / 6 = 7.67$$

$$13 * (235 / f_y)^{1/2} = 13.00 \text{ mm}$$

$$15 * (235 / f_y)^{1/2} = 15.00 \text{ mm}$$

$$\text{翼缘自由外伸宽度与其厚度之比} \leq 13 * (235 / f_y)^{1/2}$$

$$r_x = 1.05, r_y = 1.2$$

求 W_x, W_y :

①求

$$I_y, I_y = 1/12 * (t_1 * b_1^3 + t_2 * b_2^3 + (h - t_1 - t_2) * t_w^3) = 1/12 * (6 * 100^3 + 6 * 100^3 + (100 - 6 - 6) * 8^3) = 1,003,755 \text{ mm}^4$$

②求 W_y

$$W_y = I_y / (b_2 / 2) = 1,003,755 / (100 / 2) = 20,075 \text{ mm}^3$$

③求

$$A, A = t_1 * b_1 + t_2 * b_2 + (h - t_1 - t_2) * t_w = 100 * 6 + 100 * 6 + (100 - 6 - 6) * 8 = 1,904 \text{ mm}^2$$

④求截面形心

$$y_1, y_1 = (b_1 * t_1 * t_1 / 2 + (h - t_1 - t_2) * t_w * ((h - t_1 - t_2) / 2 + t_1) + b_2 * t_2 * (h - t_2 / 2)) / A \\ = (100 * 6 * 6 / 2 + (100 - 6 - 6) * 8 * ((100 - 6 - 6) / 2 + 6) + 100 * 6 * (100 - 6 / 2)) / 1,904 = 50.00 \text{ mm}$$

⑤求 $I_x, I_x = 1/12 * b_1 * t_1^3$

$$+ b_1 * t_1 * (y_1 - t_1 / 2)^2$$

$$+ 1/12 * t_w * (h - t_1 - t_2)^3$$

$$\begin{aligned}
& + (h-t_1-t_2) * t_w * ((h-t_1-t_2) / 2 + t_1 - y_1)^2 \\
& + 1/12 * b_2 * t_2^3 \\
& + b_2 * t_2 * (h-t_2/2 - y_1)^2 = 1/12 * 100 * 6^3 \\
& + 100 * 6 * (50.00 - 6/2)^2 \\
& + 1/12 * 8 * (100 - 6 - 6)^3 \\
& + (100 - 6 - 6) * 8 * ((100 - 6 - 6) / 2 + 6 - 50.00)^2 \\
& + 1/12 * 100 * 6^3 \\
& + 100 * 6 * (100 - 6/2 - 50.00)^2 = 3,108,715 \text{ mm}^4
\end{aligned}$$

⑥求 W_x , $W_x = I_x / (h - y_1) = 3,108,715 / (100 - 50.00) = 62,174 \text{ mm}^3$

$$M_x / r_x / W_x + M_y / r_y / W_y = 8.082 * 1000000 / 1.05 / 62,174 + 0 * 1000000 / 1.2 / 20,075 = 123.80 \text{ N/mm}^2$$

$$f = 215 \text{ N/mm}^2$$

$$M_x / (r_x W_x) + M_y / (r_y W_y) \leq f, \text{ 计算满足! (0.58)}$$

3、工字钢整体稳定性计算

判断是否需要稳定性计算：

$$l_1 / b_1 = 35.89$$

$$[l_1 / b_1] = 13.00$$

$l_1 / b_1 > [l_1 / b_1]$, 需要进行稳定性计算!

梁整体稳定的等效临界弯矩系数 β_b :

$$\varepsilon = l_1 * t_1 / b_1 / h = 3589 * 6 / 100 / 100 = 2.15$$

$$\beta_b = .95$$

梁在侧向支承点间对截面弱轴 $y-y$ 的长细比 λ_y :

$$I_y = 1/12 * (t_1 * b_1^3 + t_2 * b_2^3 + (h - t_1 - t_2) * t_w^3) = 1/12 * (6 * 100^3 + 6 * 100^3 + (100 - 6 - 6) * 8^3) = 1,003,755 \text{ mm}^4$$

$$A = t_1 * b_1 + t_2 * b_2 + (h - t_1 - t_2) * t_w = 100 * 6 + 100 * 6 + (100 - 6 - 6) * 8 = 1,904 \text{ mm}^2$$

$$i_y = (I_y / A)^{1/2} = (1,003,755 / 1,904)^{1/2} = 22.96 \text{ mm}$$

$$\lambda_y = l_1 / i_y = 3589 / 22.96 = 156.32$$

截面不对称影响系数 η_b :

双轴对称, $\eta_b = 0$

整体稳定系数 ψ_b 为:

$$\psi_b = \beta_b * 4320 / \lambda_y^2 * A * h / W_x * [(1 + (\lambda_y * t_1 / 4.4 / h)^2)^{1/2} + \eta_b] * 235 / f_y = .95 * 4320 / 156.32^2 * 1,904 * 100 / 62,174 * [(1 + (156.32 * 6 / 4.4 / 100)^2)^{1/2} + 0] * 235 / 235 = 1.211$$

$$\psi_b^1 = 1.07 - 0.282 / \psi_b = 1.07 - 0.282 / 1.211 = 0.837$$

整体稳定性按下式计算:

M_x / ψ_b

$$W_x + M_y / r_y / W_y = 8.082 * 1000000 / 0.837 / 62,174 + 0 * 1000000 / 1.2 / 20,075 = 155.30 \text{ N/mm}^2$$

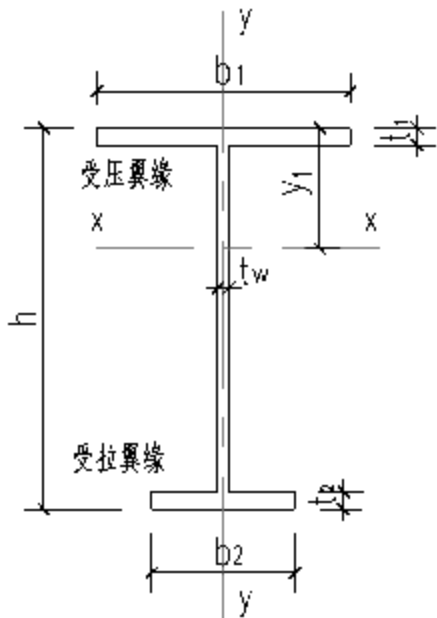
$$f = 215 \text{ N/mm}^2$$

$$M_x / (\psi_b W_x) + M_y / (r_y W_y) \leq f, \text{ 计算满足! (0.72)}$$

$$M_x / (r_x W_x) + M_y / (r_y W_y) \leq f, \text{ 计算满足! (0.58)}$$

$$M_x / (\psi_b W_x) + M_y / (r_y W_y) \leq f, \text{ 计算满足! (0.72)}$$

三、工程名称:华丰燃料电池项目-第三层横梁荷载计算



1、基本资料

钢材:Q235

$b_1=150$ mm, $b_2=150$ mm, $t_1=8$ mm, $t_2=8$ mm, $t_w=10$ mm, $h=100$ mm

$M_x=30.12$ kN*m, $M_y=0$ kN*m

计算工字钢整体稳定性

$l_1=3589$ 受压翼缘的自由长度,即梁侧向计算长度最大值.

侧向支承:跨中无侧向支承,荷载类型:均布荷载,荷载位置:作用在上翼缘

内力为考虑水平地震作用组合的内力

2、弯曲应力计算

考虑地震作用; $\gamma_{RE}=0.75$

$M_x=M_x*0.75=30.12*0.75=22.59$ kN*m

$M_y=M_y*0.75=0*0.75=0$ kN*m

确定截面塑性发展系数:

$$\text{上翼缘外挑长度 } r_1 = (b_1 - t_w) / 2 = (150 - 10) / 2 = 70 \text{ mm}$$

$$\text{上翼缘自由外伸宽度与其厚度之比} = 70 / 8 = 8.75$$

$$13 * (235 / f_y)^{1/2} = 13.00 \text{ mm}$$

$$15 * (235 / f_y)^{1/2} = 15.00 \text{ mm}$$

$$\text{翼缘自由外伸宽度与其厚度之比} \leq 13 * (235 / f_y)^{1/2}$$

$$r_x = 1.05, r_y = 1.2$$

求 W_x, W_y :

①求

$$I_y, I_y = 1/12 * (t_1 * b_1^3 + t_2 * b_2^3 + (h - t_1 - t_2) * t_w^3) = 1/12 * (8 * 150^3 + 8 * 150^3 + (10 - 8 - 8) * 10^3) = 4,507,000 \text{ mm}^4$$

②求 W_y

$$W_y = I_y / (b_2 / 2) = 4,507,000 / (150 / 2) = 60,093 \text{ mm}^3$$

③求

$$A, A = t_1 * b_1 + t_2 * b_2 + (h - t_1 - t_2) * t_w = 150 * 8 + 150 * 8 + (100 - 8 - 8) * 10 = 3,240 \text{ mm}^2$$

④求截面形心

$$y_1, y_1 = (b_1 * t_1 * t_1 / 2 + (h - t_1 - t_2) * t_w * ((h - t_1 - t_2) / 2 + t_1) + b_2 * t_2 * (h - t_2 / 2)) / A \\ = (150 * 8 * 8 / 2 + (100 - 8 - 8) * 10 * ((100 - 8 - 8) / 2 + 8) + 150 * 8 * (100 - 8 / 2)) / 3,240 = 50.00 \text{ mm}$$

⑤求 $I_x, I_x = 1/12 * b_1 * t_1^3$

$$+ b_1 * t_1 * (y_1 - t_1 / 2)^2$$

$$\begin{aligned}
&+1/12*t_w*(h-t_1-t_2)^3 \\
&+(h-t_1-t_2)*t_w*((h-t_1-t_2)/2+t_1-y_1)^2 \\
&+1/12*b_2*t_2^3 \\
&+b_2*t_2*(h-t_2/2-y_1)^2=1/12*150*8^3 \\
&+150*8*(50.00-8/2)^2 \\
&+1/12*10*(100-8-8)^3 \\
&+(100-8-8)*10*((100-8-8)/2+8-50.00)^2 \\
&+1/12*150*8^3 \\
&+150*8*(100-8/2-50.00)^2=5,585,120 \text{ mm}^4
\end{aligned}$$

$$\textcircled{c} \text{ 求 } W_x, W_x=I_x/(h-y_1)=5,585,120/(100-50.00)=111,702 \text{ mm}^3$$

$$M_x/r_x/W_x+M_y/r_y/W_y=22.59*1000000/1.05/111,702+0*1000000/1.2/60,093=192.60 \text{ N/mm}^2$$

$$f=215 \text{ N/mm}^2$$

$$M_x/(r_x W_x)+M_y/(r_y W_y) \leq f, \text{ 计算满足! (0.90)}$$

3、工字钢整体稳定性计算

判断是否需要稳定性计算:

$$l_1/b_1=23.93$$

$$[l_1/b_1]=13.00$$

$l_1/b_1 > [l_1/b_1]$, 需要进行稳定性计算!

梁整体稳定的等效临界弯矩系数 β_y :

$$\varepsilon = l_1 * t_1 / b_1 / h = 3589 * 8 / 150 / 100 = 1.91$$

$$\beta_y = 0.69 + 0.13 * \varepsilon = 0.69 + 0.13 * 1.91 = 0.9383$$

梁在侧向支承点间对截面弱轴 $y-y$ 的长细比 λ_y :

$$I_y = 1/12 * (t_1 * b_1^3 + t_2 * b_2^3 + (h - t_1 - t_2) * t_w^3) = 1/12 * (8 * 150^3 + 8 * 150^3 + (100 - 8 - 8) * 10^3) = 4,507,000 \text{ mm}^4$$

$$A = t_1 * b_1 + t_2 * b_2 + (h - t_1 - t_2) * t_w = 150 * 8 + 150 * 8 + (100 - 8 - 8) * 10 = 3,240 \text{ mm}^2$$

$$i_y = (I_y / A)^{1/2} = (4,507,000 / 3,240)^{1/2} = 37.30 \text{ mm}$$

$$\lambda_y = l_1 / i_y = 3589 / 37.30 = 96.22$$

截面不对称影响系数 η_y :

$$\text{双轴对称, } \eta_y = 0$$

整体稳定系数 ψ_y 为:

$$\psi_y = \beta_y * 4320 / \lambda_y^2 * A * h / W_x * [(1 + (\lambda_y * t_1 / 4.4 / h)^2)^{1/2} + \eta_y] * 235 / f_y = 0.9383 * 4320 / 96.22^2 * 3,240 * 100 / 111,702 * [(1 + (96.22 * 8 / 4.4 / 100)^2)^{1/2} + 0] * 235 / 235 = 2.559$$

$$\psi_y^1 = 1.07 - 0.282 / \psi_y = 1.07 - 0.282 / 2.559 = 0.960$$

整体稳定性按下式计算:

$$M_x / \psi$$

$$+ M_y / r_y / W_y = 22.59 * 1000000 / 0.960 / 111,702 + 0 * 1000000 / 1.2 / 60,$$

$$093 = 210.66 \text{ N/mm}^2$$

$$f=215 \text{ N/mm}^2$$

$$M_x / (\psi_x W_x) + M_y / (r_y W_y) \leq f, \text{ 计算满足! (0.98)}$$

$$M_x / (r_x W_x) + M_y / (r_y W_y) \leq f, \text{ 计算满足! (0.90)}$$

$$M_x / (\psi_x W_x) + M_y / (r_y W_y) \leq f, \text{ 计算满足! (0.98)}$$

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